# Editorial:

## IN VITRO TEST SYSTEMS IN TOXICOLOGY

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*In vitro* test systems are becoming increasingly important within EU funding policy (Vanhaecke et al., 2009). In the context of the new European Chemicals Legislation (REACH) it will be particularly important to establish improved and rapid *in vitro* toxicology assays (Lilienblum et al., 2008). However it is currently impossible to predict NOAELS (no observable adverse effect levels) only by *in vitro* tests. Therefore, a premature replacement of *in vivo* studies may lead to a loss of information required for adequate protection of human health. To give our readers an overview over this controversial topic we summarize key messages of recent publications on *in vitro* toxicity test systems (Table 1A), studies on endocrine disruption and developmental toxicity (Table 1B) as well as nanoparticle and fibre research (Table 1C).

| Key message  | Reference                |
|--|--------------------------|
| An optimized 3D in vitro system with rat hepatocytes was established<br>that shows similar gene expression alterations in response to<br>methapyrilene compared to the in vivo situation in rat liver. | Schug et al., 2008       |
| Despite important advances in the field of in vitro systems one of the major limitations is that still no techniques are available allowing determination of NOAELs in vitro.                          | Bolt and Hengstler, 2008 |
| Thresholds for genotoxic carcinogens is still a controversially dis-<br>cussed topic. Nevertheless, under certain circumstances "practical<br>thresholds" may be defined.                              | Bolt, 2008               |
| This review gives a comprehensive overview over the available in vitro tests and discusses if and to which degree they can replace animal experiments.   | Lilienblum et al., 2008  |
| Ethanol may cause artefacts in cell culture. The amounts of ethanol used for disinfection that contaminates cell culture media may be underestimated.  | Pontes et al., 2008      |
| Human gingival and pulpal fibroblast in vitro systems are applicable for toxicity evaluation of dental restorative materials.  | Reichl et al., 2008      |

## Table 1A: Recent studies in *in vitro* toxicity test systems

### Table 1B: Recent studies on endocrine disruption and developmental toxicity

| Key message   | Reference                 |
|---|---------------------------|
| Diesel exhaust may compromise spermatogenesis in mouse off-<br>spring.  | Ono et al., 2008          |
| Methoxychlor, an organochlorine pesticide, transiently inhibits testicular steroidogenesis in rats.   | Vaithinathan et al., 2008 |
| Low doses of (137) caesium modify testicular and adrenal steroido-<br>genic metabolism.   | Grignard et al., 2008     |
| Perinatal coexposure to methylmercury and polychlorinated biphenyls produces no synergistic effects on neurobehavioral development in mice. | Sugawara et al., 2008     |
| NOELS for 4,4'-butylidenebis(2-tert-butyl-5-methylphenol) and 3-<br>(dibutylamino)phenol were derived in the uterotrophic assay in rats.    | Yamasaki et al., 2008     |
| In utero and postnatal exposure of rats to a phytoestrogen-enriched diet did not protect but enhanced the extent of inflammation.           | Seibel et al., 2008       |

#### Table 1C: Nanoparticle and fibre research

| Key message   | Reference                |
|---|--------------------------|
| Eicosane, a component of nanoparticles in diesel exhaust may be related to dysfunction of surfactant.                                 | Kanno et al., 2008       |
| An in vitro system for the analysis of mineral fiber biopersistence was established.  | Dika Nguea et al., 2008a |
| Alterations in gene expression patterns during mineral fiber degrada-<br>tion by monozytes are presented.                             | Dika Nguea et al., 2008b |
| Intravenous administration of low doses (5 mg/kg body weight) of titanium dioxide nanoparticles did not induce toxic effects in rats. | Fabian et al., 2008      |

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